1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Maxxon® Commercial Pro VersaTop™
Recommended uses: Hydraulic cement, self-leveling underlayment
Restrictions on uses: None identified
Supplier: Maxxon Corporation, 920 Hamel Road • PO Box 253 • Hamel, MN 55340
Company Telephone/Fax: (763) 478-9600 / (763) 478-2431
Emergency Telephone Number: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions:

Restrictions on use: Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- Acute toxicity, oral: Category 4
- Skin Irritation: Category 2
- Serious eye damage: Category 1
- Skin sensitization: Category 1
- Carcinogenicity: Category 1A
- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (lung): Category 1

GHS Label Element
Hazard pictogram: 
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (lungs). Heat develops as product hardens. May cause serious burns during hardening (dehydration) resulting in possible permanent injury.

Precautionary statement
General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Continued

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. After mixing with water, do not allow prolonged contact with skin until the product has completely hardened and cooled.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Protect from moisture.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information: None.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL NAME</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate</td>
<td>≥75 - ≤90</td>
<td>10034-76-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cement, portland, chemicals</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤15</td>
<td>65997-15-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>≤5</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Composition Comments: Gypsum (calcium sulfate) and Portland cement contain naturally occurring crystalline silica (quartz) which is listed as a lung carcinogen. Products also contains titanium dioxide, which is listed as a possible lung carcinogen. See Section 8 for exposure information.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:**
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation:**
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms develop, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**Skin Contact:**
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion:**
Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed.**

**Potential acute health effects.**

- **Eye contact:** Causes serious eye damage.
- **Inhalation:** Dust may irritate respiratory system. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
- **Skin Contact:** Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact during hardening (rehydration) may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

**Over-exposed signs / symptoms**

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness
Inhalation: No specific data.
Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:**

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the product: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products:**

Decomposition products may include the following materials: sulfur oxides, metal oxide/oxides.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in “For nonemergency personnel”.

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Approach release from upwind. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE  Continued

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>EXPOSURE LIMITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Cement, portland, chemicals | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  
TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
| Crystalline Silica | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable 
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable 
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust 
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Individual protection measures:

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION  
Continued

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin Protection:

Hand Protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:
Physical state: Solid [Powder]
Color: Grey to white [Light]

Odor: Not available
Odor threshold: Not available
pH: Not available
Melting point: Not available
Boiling point: Not available
Flash point: Not available
Evaporation rate: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Lower and upper explosive (flammable limits): Not available
Vapor pressure: Not available
Vapor density: Not available
Relative density: Not available
Solubility: Not available
Solubility in water: Not available
Partition co-efficient: Not available
n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available
Decomposition temperature: Not available
Viscosity: Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with water (normal condition of use).
Chemical stability: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Avoid dispersion of dust and the creation of dust clouds during cleaning up. Contact with incompatible materials. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials: Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products: May include and are not limited to: calcium oxide and sulfur dioxide.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>RESULTS</th>
<th>SPECIES</th>
<th>DOSE</th>
<th>EXPOSURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1581 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion: Not available
Sensitization: Not available
Mutagenicity: Not available
Carcinogenicity: Not available
Classification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Known to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity: Not available
Teratogenicity: Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>ROUTE OF EXPOSURE</th>
<th>TARGET ORGANS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>ROUTE OF EXPOSURE</th>
<th>TARGET ORGANS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Lungs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard: Not available

Information on the likely route of exposures: Not available

Potential acute health effects:

- **Eye contact:** Causes serious eye damage.
- **Inhalation:** Dust may irritate respiratory system. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
- **Skin contact:** Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact during hardening (rehydration) may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.
- **Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics

- **Eye contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness.
- **Inhalation:** No specific data.
- **Skin contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur.
- **Ingestion:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure:

- **Potential immediate effects:** Not available
- **Potential delayed effects:** Not available
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION  

Long term exposure  
  Potential immediate effects: Not available  
  Potential chronic health effects: Not available  
  Potential delayed effects: Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.  

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.  

Carcinogenicity: Exposure to respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by IARC and NTP as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to a respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of respirable crystalline silica exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.  

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROUTE</th>
<th>ARE VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1962.1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION  

Toxicity:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>RESULTS</th>
<th>SPECIES</th>
<th>EXPOSURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>Acute LC50 10000 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability: Not available  
Bioaccumulative potential: Not available  
Mobility in soil:  
  Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available  
  Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>DOT CLASSIFICATION</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>Not regulated</td>
<td>Not regulated</td>
<td>Not regulated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code: Not available
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations:
TSCA 8(a) Pair acetaldehyde
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311 Vinyl acetate; Formaldehyde; acetaldehyde; propylene oxide.
United States:
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not listed
SARA 302/304: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>EHS</th>
<th>SARA 302 TPQ (lbs)</th>
<th>SARA 302 TPQ (gallons)</th>
<th>SARA 304 RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>SARA 304 RQ (gallons)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene oxide</td>
<td>&lt;0.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene oxide</td>
<td>≤0.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>1444.3</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>14.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vinyl acetate</td>
<td>≤0.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>644.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>&lt;0.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>73.9</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>14.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 RQ: 1 5888241.2 lbs / 2673261.5 kg
SARA 311/312
Classifications:
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral): Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION: Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE: Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION: Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY: Category 1A
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs): Category 1
### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Composition/information on ingredients:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CLASSIFICATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate</td>
<td>≥75 - ≤90</td>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cement, Portland, Chemicals</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤15</td>
<td>COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica</td>
<td>≤5</td>
<td>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) (inhalation) - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US state regulations:**

- **Massachusetts:** The following components are listed: SILICA, CRYSSTALLINE, QUARTZ; PORTLAND CEMENT
- **New York:** None of the components are listed.
- **New Jersey:** The following components are listed: SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO2); SILICATE, PORTLAND CEMENT; CEMENT, PORTLAND, CHEMICALS
- **Pennsylvania:** The following components are listed: QUARTZ DUST; QUARTZ; CEMENT, PORTLAND, CHEMICALS

**California Proposition 65:**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline, Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, 1,4-Dioxane, Propylene oxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>NO SIGNIFICANT RISK LEVEL</th>
<th>MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE DOSAGE LEVEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME</th>
<th>NO SIGNIFICANT RISK LEVEL</th>
<th>MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE DOSAGE LEVEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silica, crystalline</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetaldehyde</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Dioxane</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene oxide</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene oxide</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inventory List:
- Australia: Not determined
- Canada: All components are listed or exempted
- China: Not determined
- Europe: Not determined
- Japan: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined
  Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined
- Malaysia: Not determined
- New Zealand: Not determined
- Philippines: Not determined
- Republic of Korea: Not determined
- Taiwan: Not determined
- Thailand: Not determined
- Turkey: Not determined
- Viet Nam: Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A):
- Health: 3
- Flammability: 0
- Physical hazard: 1
16. OTHER INFORMATION  

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS®

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A):

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Procedure used to derive the classification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASSIFICATION</th>
<th>JUSTIFICATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) – Category 1</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations
Product List: Maxxon Commercial Pro VersaTop
Issue Date: May 2015
Version: 03
Revision Date: December 2021
Prepared by: Maxxon Corporation

Disclaimer: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.